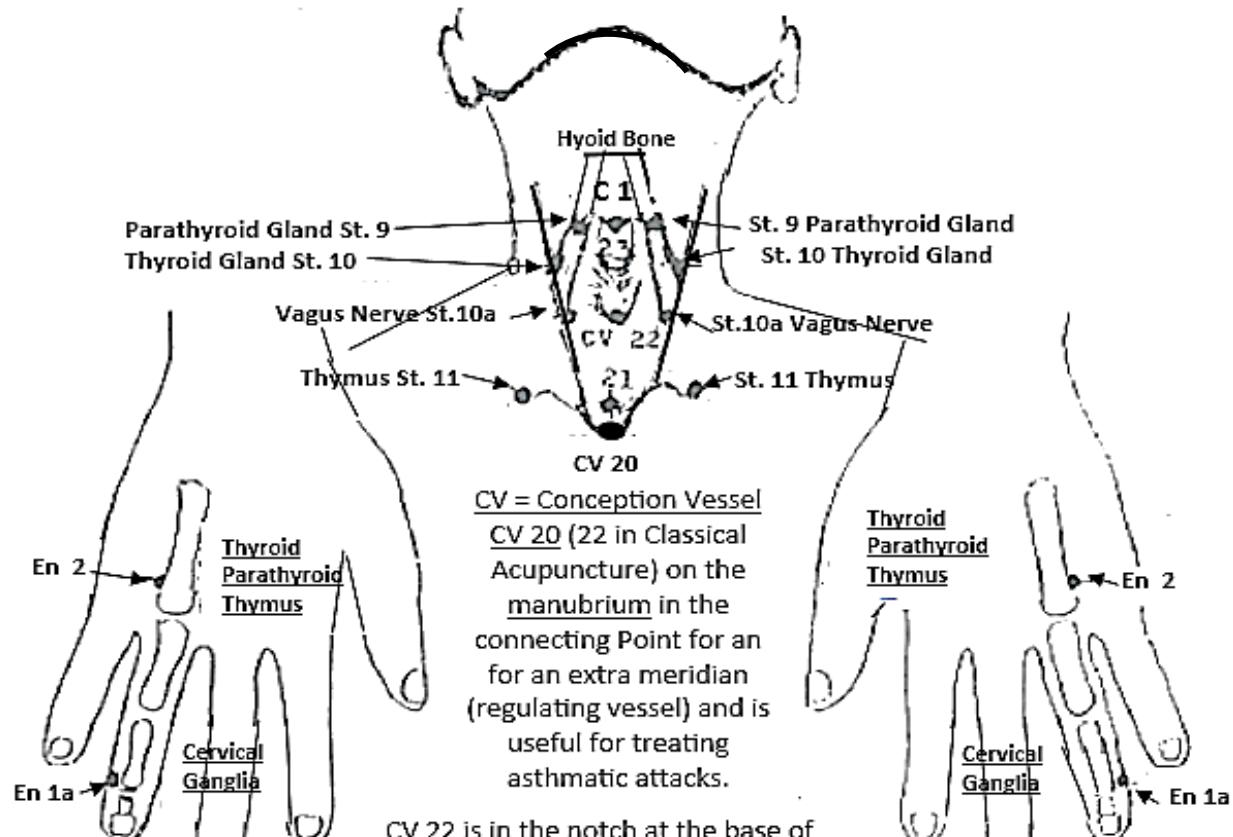


Autonomic N.S.: The THYROID, PARATHYROID & THYMUS GLAND

with related permeable points on the HANDS

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CV 23 is in the notch at the top of the thyroid cartilage and serves for determining the level of the St 9 points for the parathyroid glands.

The St 10 points for the thyroid gland are at the creasing points of the sternomastoid and the omohyoid muscles.

The thyroid gland is innervated by the 3 pairs of cervical ganglia which lie immediately in front of the Cervical Vertebrae in the middle and lower parts of the neck. En. 1a is related to all 3 pairs.

The parathyroid gland is innervated by the lower pair of cervical ganglia only.

The thyroid gland secretes thyroxine and calcitonin. The latter hormone keeps the level of calcium in the blood down to normal.

The parathyroid gland secretes parathormone which raises the level of calcium and serum of the body.

When the two are in balance, Calcium metabolism in the body is normal.

When the two are in imbalance, calcium metabolism is out of balance.

If the levels are too high, calcium spurs and deposits form.

If the level is too low, white flecks appear in the fingernails, and cramps may occur.

Osteo arthritis is related to faulty calcium metabolism, as in osteo-arthrosis.

When the calcium level is too high, calcium is wasted through the liver, passing through the bile ducts into the duodenum. The initial bile ducts may get blocked with calcium. Gallstones may form in the gall bladder.

The cervical ganglia nerve signals are often distorted by the presence of chemicals such as methyl paraben or formaldehyde from shampoo and hairspray, chlorine from soap powders, or metals from the fillings in teeth. These should be massaged down into the bloodstream from the deep lymphatics in the neck.